MDR Tracking Number: M5-04-0542-01

Under the provisions of Section 413.031 of the Texas Workers' Compensation Act, Title 5, Subtitle A of the Texas Labor Code, effective June 17, 2001 and Commission Rule 133.305 titled Medical Dispute Resolution - General and 133.308 titled Medical Review Division (Division)) assigned an IRO to conduct a review of the disputed medical necessity issues between the requestor and the respondent. The dispute was received on October 21, 2003.

The Medical Review Division has reviewed the IRO decision and determined that **the requestor prevailed** on the issues of medical necessity. Therefore, upon receipt of this Order and in accordance with §133.308(q)(9), the Commission hereby orders the respondent and non-prevailing party to **refund the requestor \$460** for the paid IRO fee. For the purposes of determining compliance with the order, the Commission will add 20 days to the date the order was deemed received as outlined on page one of this order.

In accordance with §413.031(e), it is a defense for the carrier if the carrier timely complies with the IRO decision.

Based on review of the disputed issues within the request, the Medical Review Division has determined that **medical necessity was the only issue** to be resolved. The office visits, work hardening and additional hour of work hardening were found to be medically necessary. The respondent raised no other reasons for denying reimbursement for the above listed services.

This findings and decision is hereby issued this 6th January 2004.

Patricia Rodriguez Medical Dispute Resolution Officer Medical Review Division

On this basis, and pursuant to §§402.042, 413.016, 413.031, and 413.019 of the Act, the Medical Review Division hereby ORDERS the respondent to pay the unpaid medical fees in accordance with the fair and reasonable rate as set forth in Commission Rule 133.1(a)(8) plus all accrued interest due at the time of payment to the requestor within 20 days of receipt of this order. This Order is applicable to dates of service 01/23/03 through 06/19/03 in this dispute.

The respondent is prohibited from asserting additional denial reasons relative to this Decision upon issuing payment to the requestor in accordance with this Order (Rule 133.307(j)(2)).

This Order is hereby issued this 6th day of January 2004.

Roy Lewis, Supervisor Medical Dispute Resolution Medical Review Division

RL/pr

NOTICE OF INDEPENDENT REVIEW DECISION

RE: MDR Tracking #: M5-04-0542-01

has been certified by the Texas Department of Insurance (TDI) as an independent review organization (IRO) IRO Certificate Number is 5348. Texas Worker's Compensation Commission (TWCC) Rule §133.308 allows for a claimant or provider to request an independent review of a Carrier's adverse medical necessity determination. TWCC assigned the above-reference case to for independent review in accordance with this Rule.
has performed an independent review of the proposed care to determine whether or not the adverse determination was appropriate. Relevant medical records, documentation provided by the parties referenced above and other documentation and written information submitted regarding this appeal was reviewed during the performance of this independent review.
This case was reviewed by a practicing chiropractor on the external review panel. The reviewer has met the requirements for the ADL of TWCC or has been approved as an exception to the ADL requirement. The chiropractor reviewer signed a statement certifying that no known conflicts of interest exist between this chiropractor and any of the treating physicians or providers or any of the physicians or providers who reviewed this case for a determination prior to the referral to for independent review. In addition, the chiropractor reviewer certified that the review was performed without bias for or against any party in this case.

Clinical History

This case concerns a 45 year-old female who sustained a work related injury on ____. The patient reported that while at work she was bending over and moving bins of fruit when she began to experience low back pain. The patient reported that she underwent X-Rays and an MRI of the lumbar spine dated 6/1/02 which showed L3-L4 mild spondylosis with no evidence of compressive disc disease, L4-L5 minimal spondylosis with diffusely diminished disc signal, compatible with disc desiccation, L5-S1 disc desiccation signal and minimal broad based posterior protrusion. The diagnoses for this patient have included lumbar disc disorder, radiculitis/lower limb and muscle spasms. The patient was initially treated with conservatice care including physical therapy and epidural steroid injections. She was then referred to a work hardening program.

Requested Services

Office visits, work hardening and additional hour of work hardening from 1/23/03 through 6/19/03.

Decision

The Carrier's determination that these services were not medically necessary for the treatment of this patient's condition is overturned.

Rationale/Basis for Decision

The ____ chiropractor reviewer noted that this case concerns a 45 year-old female who sustained a work related injury to her back on ____. The ___ chiropractor reviewer also noted that the diagnoses for this patient have included lumbar disc disorder, radiculitis/lower limb and

muscle spasms. The chiropractor reviewer further noted that treatment for this patient's
condition has included physical therapy, epidural steroid injections and a work hardening
program. The chiropractor reviewer indicated that this patient was in the middle to end of an
8 week work hardening program. The chiropractor reviewer noted that her pain level had
dropped from an 8 to a 6 out of 10 in the previous two weeks before June 2 nd 2003 and she was
making an improvement and moving toward returning to work with restrictions. The
chiropractor reviewer explained that the patient was involved in a multi disciplinary approach to
her care and should have been allowed to finish the work hardening program that was outlined.
The chiropractor reviewer also explained that the patient also required periodic evaluations
by the treating physician to monitor progress. Therefore, the chiropractor consultant
concluded that the office visits, work hardening and additional hour of work hardening from
1/23/03 through 6/19/03 were medically necessary to treat this patient's condition.

Sincerely,